## **Daily Learning Tasks: Green**

## Weeks 2 – 3

These learning tasks are designed to be completed by students daily, with guided support from parents/carers. The activities below are to be repeated over a two-week cycle. Students can access further learning through the Enrichment Learning Grids. All documents can be found on the school website.

We understand and appreciate the different circumstances for each family and their capacity to support their child/ren's home learning. We encourage families to complete what is manageable with the resources that are available. Your child/ren's teacher will be communicating with you weekly, so please inform them of your child/ren's progress as well as your concerns and challenges.

How do I contact my tea	Screen Time Recommendations			
Students can contact their teacher about learning via Seesaw or phone.	Australian Standards suggest a maximum of 2 hour			
Please note, teachers are only available during school hours 9-3:00pm.	per day screen time (including time children spend c			
If you are self-isolatin Please understand teachers are still teaching on class and will respond to m	screens for learning).			
If the school is requested to	Supervision of Online Learning			
Teachers will update via Seesaw with further information on when they w	If your child is accessing online learning activities,			
Seesaw, teachers will contact you via phone.	please ensure your child is supervised.			
Please note:	<b>Brain Breaks</b>			
Teachers will do their best to respond with the technology at hand. In the er	Please take Brain Breaks as often as needed.			
from the classroom teacher on an urgent matter within 48 hours, please en	A variety of activities can be found in the Enrichment			
End of week check:	week check: Key:			Learning Grids.
Has my teacher seen my learning this fortnight? If not, please send some of your learning to your teacher via Seesaw or another agreed method.	photograph	voice recording	video	What learning is taking place at school? Students who are at school participate in the same Learning Units that are used at home.





# **Daily Learning Tasks: Green**

# Weeks 2 – 3

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
Morning	<ul> <li>Phonics/Spelling</li> <li>Read over the phonics/spelling core list for the corresponding week.</li> <li>Appendix 1: Phonics/Spelling List</li> <li>Choose one activity below or do both:</li> <li>1. Write all core list words and all sight words in your exercise book.</li> <li>Write 3 words from the extension list in your exercise book.</li> <li>2. Complete today's activity on Seesaw: Phonics/Spelling activity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Phonics/Spelling</li> <li>Read over the phonics/spelling core list for the corresponding week.</li> <li>Choose one activity below or do both:</li> <li>1. Rewrite your core list words and circle the sound that is the weekly focus. Then rewrite your sight words and circle the vowels.</li> <li>2. Complete today's activity on Seesaw: Phonics/Spelling activity</li> </ul>	Phonics/Spelling Read over the phonics/spelling core list for the corresponding week. Choose one activity below or do both: 1. Add or change suffixes (word endings) to make as many new words as you can. Example: hard - harder, hardest, harden, hardening. stuff - stuffy, stuffier, stuffiest 2. Complete today's activity on Seesaw: Phonics/Spelling activity	<ul> <li>Phonics/Spelling</li> <li>Read over the phonics/spelling core list for the corresponding week.</li> <li>Choose one activity below or do both:</li> <li>1. Write three sentences of your choice. Circle the verbs in the sentence.</li> <li>2. Complete today's activity on Seesaw: Phonics/Spelling activity</li> <li>Appendix 1: What is a verb?</li> </ul>	Phonics/Spelling Read over the phonics/spelling core list for the corresponding week. Choose one activity below or do both: 1. Write a silly sentence using some of your spelling words. Can you include 2 or more words from your spelling list in the one sentence? Illustrate your silly sentences and then read them to someone. 2. Complete today's activity on Seesaw: Phonics/Spelling activity
	Access: Phonics/ Spelling Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Phonics/ Spelling Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Phonics/ Spelling Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Phonics/ Spelling Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Phonics/ Spelling Enrichment Learning Grid
	Reading Read aloud with a parent/ carer. You could choose: Bug Club, book at home, book online, magazine, recipe, newspaper etc. Access: Reading Enrichment	Reading Read aloud with a parent/ carer. You could choose: Bug Club, book at home, book online, magazine, recipe, newspaper etc. Access: Reading Enrichment	Reading Read aloud with a parent/ carer. You could choose: Bug Club, book at home, book online, magazine, recipe, newspaper etc. Access: Reading Enrichment	Reading Read aloud with a parent/ carer. You could choose: Bug Club, book at home, book online, magazine, recipe, newspaper etc. Access: Reading Enrichment	Reading Read aloud with a parent/ carer. You could choose: Bug Club, book at home, book online, magazine, recipe, newspaper etc. Access: Reading
	Learning Grid	Learning Grid	Learning Grid	Learning Grid	Enrichment Learning Grid

Building Background Knowledge for Writing Week 2	Drawing for Writing Week 2	Planning for Writing Week 2	Composing/Drafting Writing Week 2	Revising/Editing Writing Week 2
<ul> <li>Over the next two weeks we are going to learn how to write a procedural text.</li> <li>A procedural text is a factual text. It tells you how to do or make something, with step by step instructions or directions e.g. recipe, science experiment, instructions for a craft activity.</li> <li>Writing a procedural text is a great way to teach others how to make or do something.</li> <li>With a parent/carer, read through:</li> <li>Appendix 2: Examples of Procedural Texts</li> <li>With a parent/carer, make a delicious sandwich for lunch.</li> <li>Parent/carer to explain the procedure, in detail, including the equipment needed, grocery items and steps involved.</li> </ul>	Think carefully about the sandwich you made with your parent/carer yesterday. Visualise each step of the process. With a parent/carer determine how many steps were involved in the process from start to finish. On a new page in your scrapbook, divide the page using horizontal and vertical lines to allow a space for drawing each step of the process. Draw a detailed picture plan to show each step of the process. Think about the equipment and ingredients required for each step. Imagine that someone is going to follow your instructions. Would they be able to understand what is required at each step of the process from your plan? Appendix 3: WILF	Look closely at your picture plan from yesterday. Label your plan with descriptive words and phrases to describe the equipment, ingredients and actions that you would like to include in your written procedural text. Remember a <b>verb</b> is a word that is used to describe an action. Verbs will help your reader visualise the action required e.g. spread, place, cut. Appendix 3: WILF	Let's use our labelled picture plan from yesterday to write our procedural text. On a new page in your exercise book, write the title 'How to Make aSandwich.' Look at the example of a Procedural Text Plan: Appendix 4: Writing WILF On a new line write the heading 'Equipment' and list the materials needed to make your sandwich. Now write the heading 'Ingredients' and list the grocery items needed to make your sandwich. On a new line write the heading 'Method.' What were the steps you took during the procedure? (Look at your labelled picture plan.) List the steps in order, remembering to use verbs to describe the actions.	<ul> <li>With a parent/carer, reread your procedural text and consider how it may be improved.</li> <li>1. Check you have the correct punctuation.</li> <li>2. Have you used verbs to describe the actions in each step?</li> <li>3. Are the steps in the correct order?</li> <li>4. Have you used joining words (and, so, but, or, because) to make compound sentences?</li> <li>5. Is there any additional information you could include to make the procedure clearer for the reader to follow?</li> <li>Appendix 4: WILF</li> </ul>

Drawing for Writing Week 3	Planning for Writing Week 3	Composing/Drafting Writing Week 3	Revising/Editing Writing Week 3	Publishing Writing Week 3			
This week we are going to write another procedural text. This time you will write a procedural text of your choice. With a parent/carer, read through: Appendix 5: Procedural Text Ideas Select one of the topics listed or you could choose to write about a topic of your choice. Visualise the steps to be carried	Look closely at your picture plan from yesterday. Label your plan with descriptive words and phrases to describe the equipment/ materials/ ingredients and actions that you would like to include in your written procedural text. Remember a <b>verb</b> is a word that is used to describe an action. Verbs will help your reader visualise the action required e.g. stir, mix, build, pour, glue, add, etc.	Let's use our labelled picture plan from yesterday to write our procedural text. On a new page in your exercise book, write an appropriate title. Look at the example of a Procedural Text Plan: Appendix 4: Writing WILF On a new line write the heading 'Equipment' and list the materials needed to carry out your chosen task/activity.	<ul> <li>With a parent/carer, reread your procedural text and consider how it may be improved.</li> <li>1. Check you have the correct punctuation.</li> <li>2. Have you used verbs to describe the actions in each step?</li> <li>3. Are the steps in the correct order?</li> <li>4. Have you used joining words (and, so, but, or,</li> </ul>	Reread your revised/edited procedural text. Starting on a new page of your exercise book, write your final procedural text. Concentrate on neat handwriting and quality. Record yourself reading your procedural text to your teacher. Also talk about: 1. Something you did well.			
out for your chosen topic and determine how many steps are involved in the process from start to finish. On a new page in your scrapbook, divide the page using horizontal and vertical lines to allow a space for drawing each step of the process. Draw a detailed picture plan to show each step of the process. Imagine that someone is going to follow your instructions. Would they be able to understand what is required at each step of the process from your plan?	Appendix 3: WILF	On a new line write the heading 'Method.' What are the steps required for your chosen task/activity? (Look at your labelled picture plan.) List the steps in order, remembering to use verbs to describe the actions.	because) to make compound sentences? 5. Is there any additional information you could include to make the procedure clearer for the reader to follow? Appendix 4: WILF	2. Something you could improve on.			
Access: Writing Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Writing Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Writing Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Writing Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Writing Enrichment Learning Grid			

Break		Access:	Brain Breaks Enrichment Learning	g Grid	
Middle	Mindfulness & Positivity	Mindfulness & Positivity	Mindfulness & Positivity	Mindfulness & Positivity	Mindfulness & Positivity
	Access: Mindfulness & Positivity Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Mindfulness & Positivity Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Mindfulness & Positivity Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Mindfulness & Positivity Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Mindfulness & Positivity Enrichment Learning Grid
	Number of the Day Choose at least one number:	Counting Practice Skip counting by 2s	Number of the Day Choose at least one number:	Counting Practice Skip counting by 2s	Number of the Day Choose at least one number:
	52 97 410 663 8201 Represent the number using numerals, words, MAB blocks, partition according to place value and number sentences. Appendix 6: Number of the Day	Count forwards by 2s starting from: • 24 (24, 26, 28) • 3 (3, 5, 7) • 150 (150, 152, 154) • 2150 (2152, 2154) You can use your hundreds chart to assist you. Appendix 7: Hundreds Chart	81 88 543 753 6005 Represent the number using numerals, words, MAB blocks, partition according to place value and number sentences. Appendix 6: Number of the Day	Count backwards by 2s starting from:	Think of a few three- or four-digit numbers and complete the activity. Represent the number using numerals, words, MAB blocks, partitioning according to place value and number sentences. Appendix 6: Number of the Day.
	Note: In Week 3, complete the same activity using the numbers below: 44 58 201 930 5678	Note: In Week 3, complete the same activity using the numbers below: 24 76 378 4706	Note: In Week 3, complete the same activity using the numbers below: 35 92 456 890 9042	Note: In Week 3, complete the same activity using the numbers below: 16 21 172 3304	<b>Note:</b> In Week 3, complete the same activity.
	Addition Practice Race to 50, 100, 200 1.Start with a zero. 2. Roll a die and add this number to zero. Each time you roll the die add it to the previous number.	Equal Groups Count out 36 objects (counters, buttons, rocks etc).	Subtraction Practice Race to Zero 1.Start with <b>30, 50 or 100</b> . 2.Write your challenge number on your white board or one hundreds chart.	Fractions Finding fractions of a whole 1. Start with a piece of paper either a square or a rectangle. 2. Fold it in half.	Family Fraction Fun 1.Ask someone to get you a piece of fruit, vegetable, lolly or a biscuit. (Any food that can be divided into quarters.)
	3. The winner is the first person		3.Roll a die and subtract that	3. Fold it in half again.	2.Let them help you cut

	4. If you want to play it by yourself, time how long it takes you to get to zero.How many equal groups can you make?rAppendix 8: Bace to 50, 100Record an array for each groupr		number from your starting number. 4. The winner is the first person to reach zero.	<ul><li>4. How many sections are there? Are they all equal? How can you tell?</li><li>5. Label each section using</li></ul>	divide each item into quarters. 3.Display your quarters on a plate.
	Appendix 8: Race to 50, 100, 200	and record the repeated addition. Appendix 8: Equal Groups & Repeated Addition	<ul> <li>5. If you want to play it by yourself, time how long it takes you to get to zero.</li> <li>Appendix 8: Race to Zero</li> </ul>	fraction notation. (Hint: The number of equal parts is written on the bottom.)	4.Discuss how you can prove that they are equal quarters. Enjoy your Fractions Snack.
	Note: In Week 3, complete the same activity using two or three dice.	Note: In Week 3, count out 48 objects and repeat the activity above. How many equal groups can you make? Record an array for each group and record the repeated addition.	Note: In Week 3, complete the same activity using two or three dice.	Note: In Week 3, do this activity again and see if you can make eight equal parts. Label each section using the correct notation.	Note: In Week 3, repeat the activity above, this time dividing each item into eighths. Have fun!
	Access: Mathematics Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Mathematics Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Mathematics Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Mathematics Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Mathematics Enrichment Learning Grid
Break		Access:	Brain Breaks Enrichment Learning	g Grid	
Afternoon	Science & Technology	PDHPE	Creative Arts	History	Family Time or Free Play
	Access: Science & Technology Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: PDHPE Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Creative Arts Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: History/Geography Enrichment Learning Grid	Enjoy an activity with your family or have some free play.
	Hands on Learning	Hands on Learning	Hands on Learning	Hands on Learning	Hands on Learning
	Access: Hands on Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Hands on Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Hands on Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Hands on Enrichment Learning Grid	Access: Hands on Enrichment Learning Grid

### Appendix 1 Phonics/Spelling List

Week 2 – 'ar' digraph						
Rule: this is called a digraph. A digraph is two letters that, when placed together, generate one sound.						
Core List Extension List Sight Words						
dart	barked	make				
card	farmer	there				
start	tart sparks after					
shark	shark starting					
barnyard						
arch	gardening					

#### What is a verb?



Week 3 – 'or' digraph						
Rule: this is called a digraph. A digraph is two letters that, when placed together, generate one sound.						
Core List Extension List Sight Words						
word	working	give				
fork	formed	before				
born	thorns	find				
afford						
story torched						
sport	scorecard					

#### **Appendix 2**

#### **Examples of Procedural Texts**

(Sourced from twinkl.com.au)



#### Appendix 3 Writing – WILF (examples only)



## Appendix 4 Writing - WILF (example only)

	What I'm looking for (WILF)					
Composing/Drafting	Writing (example only)	Composing/Drafting Writing				
Fitle:	al Text Plan	<ol> <li>Composing/ Drarting writing</li> <li>Title of your writing and date</li> <li>Capital letters and full stops</li> <li>Spaces between words</li> <li>Verbs to describe the actions in each step e.g. spread, place, cut, stir, mix.</li> <li>The steps included in your procedure are in the correct order</li> <li>The information in the procedure is real (factual)</li> <li>Your writing makes sense</li> <li>An adult can help you with topic words e.g. equipment, ingredients, method, margarine, lettuce, avocado.</li> </ol>				



#### Appendix 5 Procedural Text Ideas

(Sourced from www.teachstarter.com)



# Appendix 6

Number of the Day

Numerals	Words	MAB Blocks	Partitioning according to place value	Number Sentences How many can you make?	
24	twenty-four		20 + 4 = 24	14 + 10 = 24 30 - 6 = 24 5 + 5 + 5 + 9 = 24 28 - 4 = 24	
102	one hundred and two		100 + 0 + 2 = 102	50 + 50 + 2 = 102 110 - 8 = 102 80 + 20 + 2 = 102 122 - 10 = 102	
1,245	one thousand, two hundred and forty- five		1000 + 200 + 40 + 5 = 1,245	500 + 500 + 240 + 5 = 1,245 1, 445 - 200 = 1,245 100 + 150 + 50 + 45 = 1, 245 2, 245 - 1,000 + 1,245	

## Appendix 7 Hundreds Chart

-		ur N	dr	e	ds	C	h	a	t
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Note: You should have a Hundreds Chart in your Resource Pack. If not, please inform your teacher.

# Appendix 8

#### Race to 50, 100, 200... Race to Zero

What you will need	Race to 50, 100, 200	Race to Zero
1. Dice	RACE 10 100 101 101 101 101 101	1 2 3 7 5 5 7 10 10 10 20 1 12 13 11 15 16 17 13 17 20 11 12 13 17 15 16 17 13 17 20 17 12 13 77 15 16 17 13 17 20
2. Hundreds chart		A X X S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
3. Whiteboard markers	a far	
4. Whiteboard	Start at zero and roll a die or dice and add to reach your challenge number. Remember, you also use a white board.	Start at your challenge number and roll a die or dice to reach zero. Remember you can also use a white board.

#### Equal Groups & Repeated Addition

16	
Two equal groups 2 rows of 8 is 16	Four equal groups
8 + 8 = 16 2 x 8 = 16	4 rows of 4 is 16 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 16 $4 \times 4 = 16$